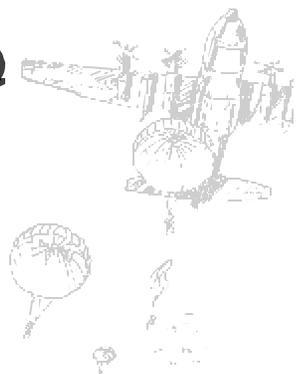




INFANTRYMAN'S NIGHT VISION NEEDS



UNITED STATES ARMY INFANTRY CENTER



OBJECTIVE



Discuss user perspective of U.S. Night Vision / Own the Night (OTN) modernization efforts, what other countries have accomplished in the OTN arena and outline future Infantry night vision requirements





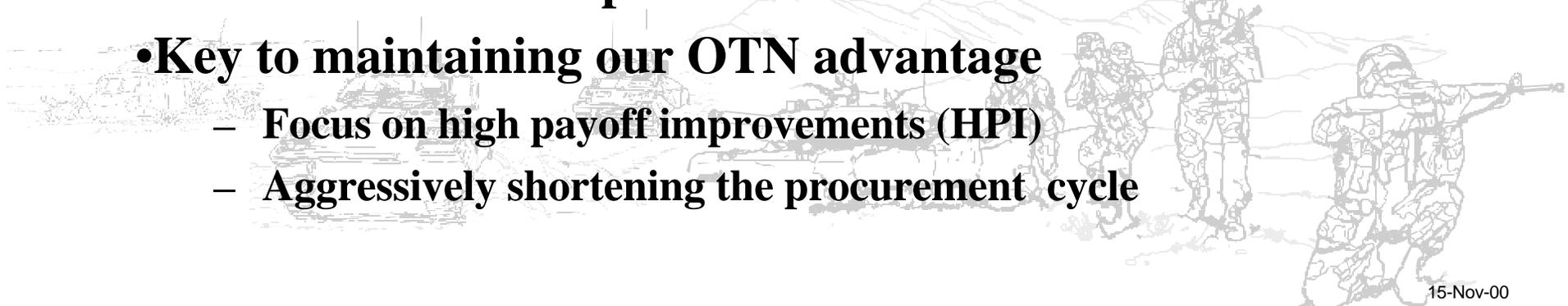
USAIC NIGHT VISION /OTN ASSESSMENT



Bottom Line

We have made great strides in the OTN arena, and have the best equipment in the world, but still can truthfully only claim to ‘rent the night’, and then only under select weather conditions.

- It takes too long to develop, procure and field equipment.**
- Adversaries can obtain almost comparable equipment, often faster and cheaper than we can match.**
- Key to maintaining our OTN advantage**
 - Focus on high payoff improvements (HPI)**
 - Aggressively shortening the procurement cycle**





SMALL ARMS / NVG IMPROVEMENTS



2nd Generation I2

145 meters, 1/4 moon

2nd Generation 'Plus' I2

225 meters, 1/4 moon

3rd Generation I2

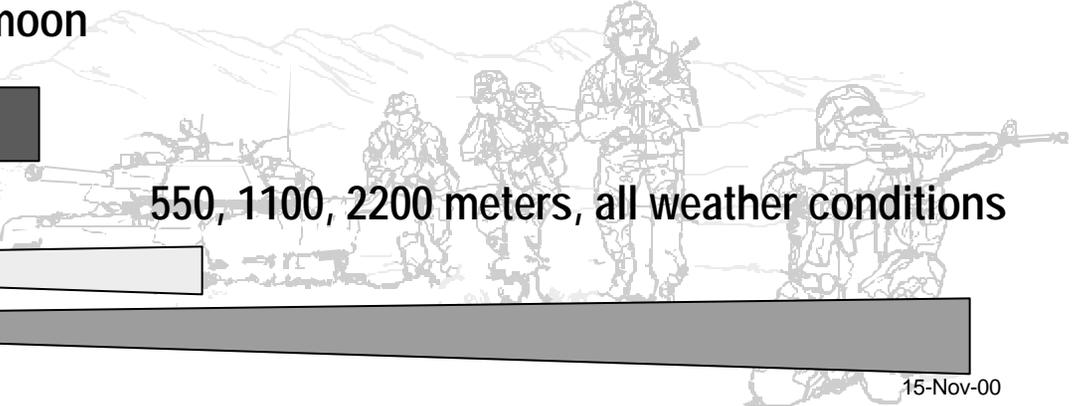
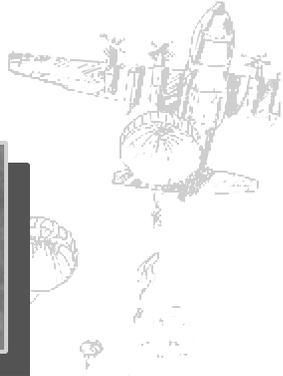
355 meters, 1/4 moon

4th Generation I2

390 meters, 1/4 moon

Small Arms Thermal Sights

550, 1100, 2200 meters, all weather conditions





VEHICLE FLIR IMPROVEMENTS

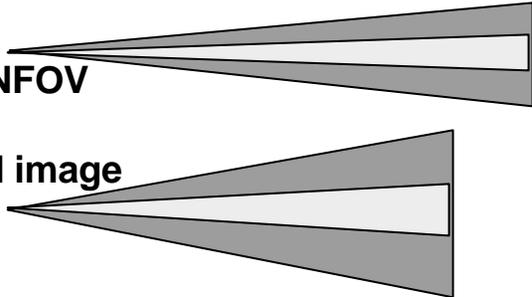


GEN I FLIR (M1A1, M2A2 ODS)

“Desert Storm View”



Different WFOV, NFOV
Different Ranges
Unique battlefield image



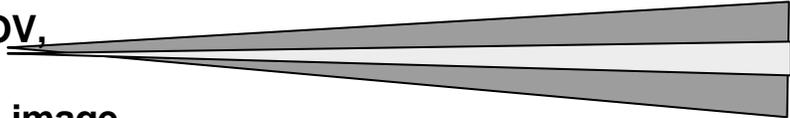
1st Gen



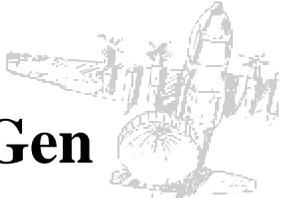
GEN II FLIR I-TAS



Same WFOV, NFOV,
Ranges as M2A3
Similar battlefield image



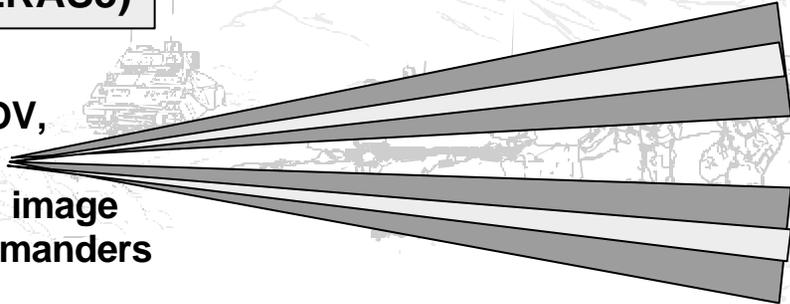
2nd Gen



GEN II FLIR (M1A2/M2A3/LRAS3)



Same WFOV, NFOV,
Ranges
Similar battlefield image
Independent commanders
viewer





MODERNIZATIONS EFFORTS



- **Army OTN efforts have yielded good and bad news stories**
 - Combat vehicles cannot see in all weather conditions.
 - 1991 Iraqi War aided vision high payoff improvements only now beginning to be fielded.
 - Soldiers with I2 NVGs do not have comparable aiming light systems.
 - Soldiers have to wait too long to get acceptable weapon mounted sighting systems using either thermal or image intensification.
- **An assessment: We are at risk of losing our OTN edge if we cannot accelerate our productivity.**





FOREIGN CAPABILITIES

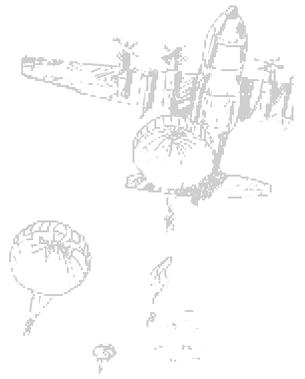


Image Intensification (I²) Devices

- **Both France and Holland produce GEN II+ NVGs (Nearly identical to our GEN III except in very low light levels)**
- **Other countries purchasing GEN II+ NVGs**

Thermal Devices

- **Many countries have GEN II FLIR technology**
- **Threat FLIR technology is almost as effective as our GEN II (estimated as within 17% of our FLIR performance)**





FOREIGN PROGRAMS A SNAPSHOT



	Thermal	I2 Goggles	Weapon Sights
Canada	X	X	
France	X	X	X
Germany	X		X
India		X	X
Israel		X	X
Italy	X		X
Netherlands	X	X	
Norway		X	X
Pakistan		X	X
Poland		X	X
Russia	X	X	X
South Africa		X	X
Singapore	X		
Slovenia	X		
Spain	X	X	X
Sweden	X		
Switzerland	X	X	X
Turkey	X	X	X
United Kingdom	X	X	X
United States	X	X	X
Yugoslavia		X	

- Many countries are investing in OTN technologies
- Other countries are actively procuring equipment on the open market
- The message is clear: We cannot assume our forces will retain the technological edge if we do not improve our development and procurement processes.



DISMOUNTED SOLDIER NIGHT VISION SYSTEMS EVOLUTION



PRESENT SYSTEMS

EMERGING

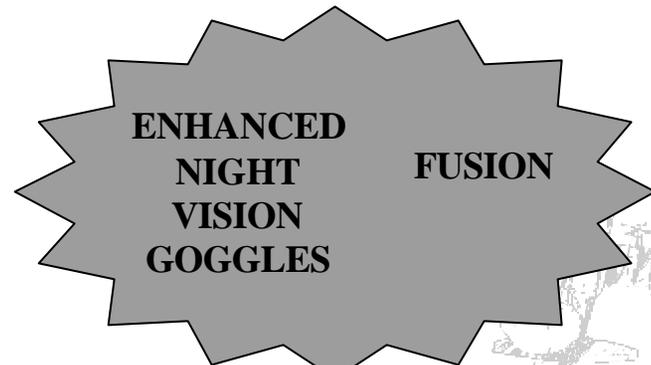
FUTURE

GOGGLES

NIGHT VISION GOGGLES MONOCULAR NVD,

AN/PVS-7D

AN/PVS-14 & 3X EXTENDER

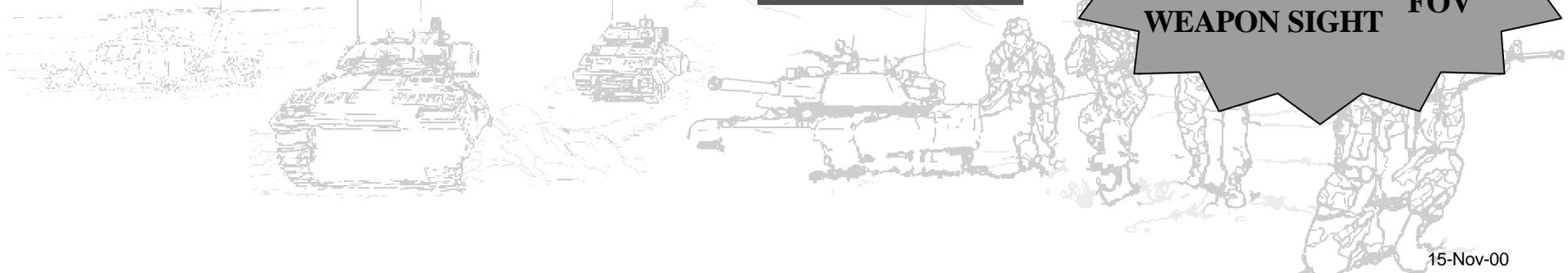


SMALL ARMS SIGHTS

AN/PVS-4/AN/TVS-5

**25MM GEN III
TUBE**

TWS, AN/PAS-





DISMOUNTED SOLDIER NIGHT VISION SYSTEMS EVOLUTION



PRESENT SYSTEMS

**EMERGING
LASER DEVICES**

FUTURE

**IR AIMING
LIGHT
AN/PAQ-4C**



**TARGET POINTER/
ILLUMINATOR/AIMING
LIGHT, AN/PEQ-2**



**INTEGRATED
LASER WHITE
LIGHT POINTER**



**DISMOUNTED
SOLDIER COMBAT
IDENTIFICATION**

**OBJECTIVE
INDIVIDUAL COMBAT
& CREW SERVED
WEAPON SIGHT**





DISMOUNTED SOLDIER NIGHT VISION SYSTEMS EVOLUTION



PRESENT SYSTEMS

EMERGING

FUTURE

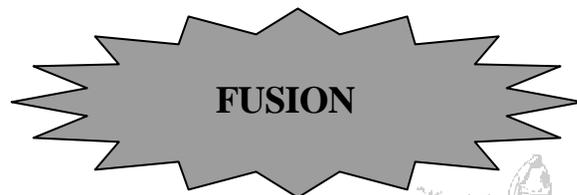
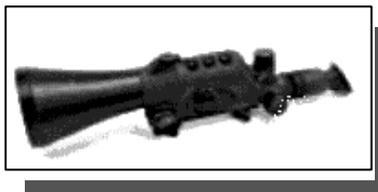
SNIPERS

**AN/PVS-10
SNIPER DAY/NIGHT SIGHT**

**LEUPOLD SNIPER
DAY SIGHT**



**HEAVY SNIPER
DAY/NIGHT SIGHT**



FUSION

DRIVING

**NIGHT VISION GOGGLES
AN/PVS-7D**

DVE



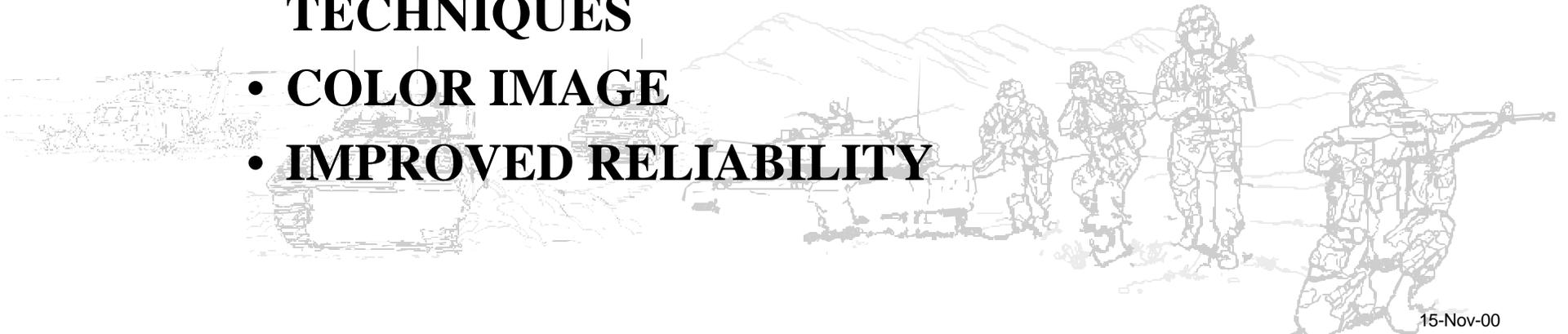
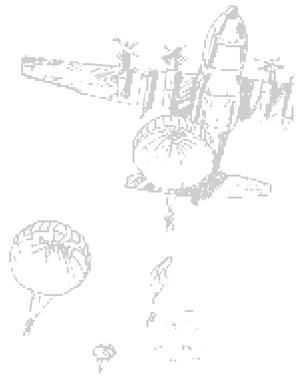
FUSION



TOP DESIRED ENHANCEMENTS



- **MULTI-SPECTRAL IMAGE FUSION**
- **LESS WEIGHT**
- **SMALLER**
- **REDUCED POWER CONSUMPTION**
- **HIGHER RESOLUTION**
- **INCREASED RANGE**
- **FACILIA TE INDIVIDUAL MOVEMENT TECHNIQUES**
- **COLOR IMAGE**
- **IMPROVED RELIABILITY**





Individual Soldier Sensors



Current Items: *Desired Enhancements are in priority order



Lightweight Video Reconnaissance System (LVRS) Provides image capture and transmission capabilities for reconnaissance units.
*Enh : 11,2,3,4,7, 5,4,13,25,1

Mini- Eyesafe Laser Observation Set (MELIOS) Provides lightweight observation between 50 and 9,900 meters, compass and verticality.
*Enh : 2,3,4, 20,1



Monocular Night Vision Device (MNVD) Provides lightweight observation for use observation.
*Enh : 19,2,3,5,4



Land Warrior Night Vision Device Provides night time observation, TWS, I2 tube.
*Enh : 20,33,1,2,4,...

Science and Technology

Low Power Uncooled IR HTI Demo: Develop common uncooled IR Technology for HTI Upgrades to TWS, OICW/OCSW, and Javelin. Includes smart power management and low power electronics.

Low Power EO Sensors for the Warrior: Develop lightweight low power, "micro-size" common module sensor/display hardware for personnel. Incorporates image fusion, far and near IR. Miniature flat panel displays should consume 40% less power.

Solid State NIR Sensor: Solid state sensor, operating in the 1.4 - 1.8 micron region with 100 times more photon flux than I2 tubes will eliminate bright light flash outs and provide longer range, eyesafe IR laser pointers. Direct video output for image fusion. Targets through conventional camouflage

Soldier Born Sensors - Product Line Analysis

- Desired Enhancements:
1. Image fusion
 2. Reduce weight
 3. Reduce size
 4. Reduce power consumption
 5. Increase resolution
 6. Widen field of view
 7. Increase range

- EMD & PI Accomplishments
1. MELIOS mounts for M982/M983 Night Vision Devices design provides night operation capability.
 2. New battery will provide a 5X

Solutions: Ongoing and Future

1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005

•Combat developers have already identified and documented future OTN modernization requirements.

•Efforts are in place to execute modernization plans.

•OTN user representatives are available and free to discuss modernization plans with industry.

KEY

- 6.2
- 6.3
- E&MD
- Prod.
- ECP, Prod Impr
- Fielding
- Planned Prog.
- OICW/OCSW
- Other E-O Sensors for Mounted Warrior
- Solid State Near IR Goggles

LVRS Production

Range LVRS

Increased Night Range LVRS

Reduced Weight & Size LVRS

television. Miniaturizes fusion electronics onto 4"X5" card reducing power weight and size.
Uncooled IR DUAP: Improved generation of low cost uncooled IR sensor technology.
Accomplishments:
Head Mounted Thermal Imager: Developed uncooled helmet mounted sensor with pop down display. Phase II integrates I2 CCD image for summation.



INFANTRY SCHOOL POINTS OF CONTACT



COL F. STONE
Director
COM (706) 545-1316 DSN 835-1316
stonef@benning.army.mil

MAJ DAVE McGLOWN
Chief, Electronics & Special Development
COM (706) 545-5069 DSN 835-5069
mcglownd@benning.army.mil

Mr. Doug Hughes
Project Officer, Night Vision Equipment
COM (706) 545-4950 DSN 835-4950
hughesd@benning.army.mil

